

Cleveland Hesitates.

WASHINGTON, July 29th.—The President is experiencing considerable difficulty in reaching a conclusion concerning the Oleomargarine bill. Several Congressmen who have called upon him recently have been surprised at the freedom with which he has discussed this subject with them. The difficulty in the way of his coming at a conclusion seems not only to be because of the suggestion of constitutional objections, but it, also, involves the propriety and expediency of the measure. Several of those who voted against the bill have advised the President to veto it. Attorney-General Garland has rendered an opinion to the President upon the bill. It is said that he holds that the bill is not unconstitutional; that Congress has the right to say how the internal revenue of the country shall be collected, and upon what subjects taxes shall be levied, but he holds, also, that it is unwise legislation and an exercise of Congressional power that can safely be vetoed.

Senator Edmunds is quoted as saying that he does not propose that the President shall shift the responsibility of action on the Oleomargarine bill, and that he (Edmunds) will not consent to an adjournment till August 5th. The ten days which the President has to act on the bill will expire on that day.

He Deserves a Monument.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Ernest Hollstock, a 11-year-old newsboy, whose parents reside on West Avenue, Lakeview, paid with his life for his bravery yesterday. While he and several playfellows were fishing in a large clay hole of one of the brickyards west of Claybourn Avenue in the afternoon two of the boys fell from the steep bank into the water. Young Hollstock jumped after them and succeeded in rescuing them both, but before he could reach land himself he sank back and was drowned.

A conference of Republican Senators was held in Washington Thursday, in which the California Senatorial mud-dle was fully and freely discussed. All the Senators present agreed that, as the California Legislature has failed to elect a man in place of Hearst, the latter was holding his place merely by the courtesy of the Senate. It was also decided that, in case a single objection was made to Hearst's vote upon any proposition, it would be the duty of the majority to declare his seat vacant.

Monday brought a series of successes for newspaper men. The Alta's representative was arrested for attending, professionally, a prize-fight, which loathsome exhibition he was compelled to report. The Post reporter was drowned in a catch-as-catch-can with the State Senate, and an Examiner man was cast in a dungeon for contempt of Court.

Grand Marshal Holmes, of the G. A. R., has received a letter from General Phillip Sheridan, expressing his regrets at being unable to attend the Encampment this year, owing to pressing duties. He wished every success and pleasure to his old comrades during the reunion, however, and hoped the fates would be more favorably inclined next time.

Chairman Belmont, of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, said to the S. F. Post correspondent: "Before Congress adjourns, I shall make an attempt to secure the passage of the Chinese Restriction Act. I cannot say whether it will be successful or not, but the chances are exceedingly bright."

The San Francisco Post of to-day will be a Grand Army edition. It will contain sixteen pages lavishly embellished with about one hundred illustrations and portraits.

Brodie, the bootblack, who jumped from the Brooklyn bridge, has entered a dime museum in New York, where he will be placed on exhibition.

PRIMARY ELECTION LAWS.

An Effort Made by the State to Protect Political Parties From Outside Influence.

As the primary elections will soon be called, it is the duty of every voter to inform himself of the provisions of the law governing such elections, and the effort the State has made to prevent fraud and deception. The primary election law is as sacred and binding as any law upon the Statute books and should be strictly obeyed. Every voter who believes in keeping the ballot box free from fraud of every description, will find this law both interesting and instructive. Below will be found some of its mandatory provisions:

The first Section of the law makes it the duty of the Central Committee of each political party at the time the call is made for a primary election, to adopt and publish a resolution which shall set forth: First—That a primary election will be held, giving the time when and the place or places where such election will be held, and the hours between which the polls shall be kept open. Second—The names of the persons to constitute the Election Board at each polling place. If the persons named by the committee be not present, or decline to serve, then such officers shall be appointed as provided by the election law of this State. Third—The qualifications required for voters in addition to those prescribed by the election law of this State.

The Second Section declares that this notice shall be published at least one week before the time fixed for holding the election.

The Third Section provides that the Election Board shall not be less than three or more than five, and shall be legal voters of the precinct, and shall each be sworn as provided by the election laws of the State. They are empowered to administer oaths and to examine witnesses touching the qualifications of any one offering to vote, and are required to make returns of the vote cast to the Secretary of the Committee without delay.

The Fourth Section provides for the qualifications of an elector, which is that in addition to the qualifications required by the election laws of the State, he must possess the qualification prescribed in the resolution of the Committee mentioned in Section I.

Section Five provides that if any person who does not possess the qualification of a voter at a general election held throughout the State and the political qualification required in the resolution of the committee or body, shall vote or offer to vote at such primary election, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars or not more than five hundred dollars, and in default of the payment of such fine shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days.

Section Six makes it a felony for any person to give a false answer to any pertinent question propounded by the Board, or to make statements calculated to mislead the officers of the Board for the purpose of voting.

Section Seven makes it a misdemeanor for any one to vote or offer to vote more than once at such an election.

Section Eight provides a heavy penalty for any officer or clerk to knowingly receive any illegal vote at a primary election.

Section Nine provides for the punishment of willful misconduct on the part of judges and clerks of such elections. Section Eleven is quite lengthy, and is directed chiefly against bribery and corruption, and makes it unlawful for any person to attempt in any manner, to unduly influence the vote of another. The penalty for a violation of this Section is especially severe.

Section Twelve provides a heavy penalty for any willful misconduct in counting or making returns of the ballots cast.

Section Thirteen makes it a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500 for any person to make and report returns in any precinct in which no election was in fact held.

Section Fourteen provides that after counting the votes and signing the lists the Judges must cause the ballots and one copy of the lists, together with the poll-book, to be delivered to the Secretary of the committee or body which called the election, and one of the Judges must retain the other list for twenty days after said primary election. The Board of Election must issue certificates of election to all persons who are chosen to fill any position by the vote of one precinct alone; and the committee or body who called the election shall issue certificates to persons elected by the votes of more than one precinct.

Section Fifteen provides that any person who is a resident of the precinct and entitled to register, on the day the primary election is held, may vote whether he be registered or not.

Arrangements have been completed for the erection of a tablet to General Grant's memory in the Episcopal Church at Elberon. The memorial will be of brass and similar in design to the one erected in the same church to the memory of President Garfield.

Growing Trees Alongside the Rails

In a recently issued report of the Bureau of Forestry it is stated that the railroad companies of the United States use each year for ties the timber growing on 565,714 acres. As about thirty years' growth is necessary for ties, it would require 16,971,420 acres of woodland to be held as a reserve to supply the annual demands of existing roads, without reference to new lines.

The rapid depletion of the forests and the great and increasing demands of the railroads have induced some companies to experiment in planting trees along their lines or on tracts of land reserved for the purpose. These experiments have been very satisfactory, and it is believed that there is economy in the plan as compared with the ordinary purchase of ties. These plantations not only furnish a supply of ties, but, when made along the line of the road, have been found a great protection from drifting snow on the plains. A Superintendent of one Western road informed the Commissioner that the cost of clearing the track from snow during a single Winter would have more than paid the expense of planting trees along the whole line. This wholesale plantation of railroad companies would also have a favorable bearing on the general subject of forestry. Exclusive of Alaska, the forests of the United States now cover but 26.4 per cent. of the total area, and are rapidly disappearing. The evils which follow their destruction are too well known to make repetition necessary. In California the wooded area is now only 20 per cent. of the whole, considerably less than the average and growing smaller every day. Old settled States like Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York and Pennsylvania have a larger percentage, and yet are waking up to the necessity of preserving their forests. The railroads of California for the greater portion of their course run over treeless plains. In consulting their own interests by providing for a future supply of ties, they would also benefit the community by substituting their plantations for the natural forests in process of destruction.

R. H. McDonald, Jr., Treasurer of the California Society for the Suppression of Vice, is in receipt of munificent donations towards the prosecution of the society's work in that State from Senator Fair, Charles Crocker and John W. Mackay.

THE RENO FIASCO.

Carson Tribune.

The Anti-Chinese League of Reno has not amounted to much, although it did make a little splurge at the start and caused good men to invest their money and lose the same. As soon as Republicans found that the opposing parties were assuming the lead for political purposes they quietly dropped out and let the matter go. The laundry was started as a joint stock arrangement and some thinking to make money (as did the Carson business men and office seekers) invested to a small extent, but as suddenly as they started in so did they drop out, and about the same amount of Chinese are now employed at Reno as before the Anti-Chinese movement was inaugurated. Unlike the crank element of Carson, the leading men of Reno arrived at the conclusion that something was rotten in the Anti-Chinese movement and did not commit themselves so far as not to be able to withdraw, ad libitum, and to-day there is no such a thing heard of at the Riverside town as the admixture of politics with the exodus of Celestial workmen. It is Republican vs. Democracy and a square party fight is intended to be made. The poor fellows who suffered in the Steam Laundry business growl heavily, and the boys and women who worked therein feel sore concerning their promised payment.

RENO AND FT. BIDWELL STAGE

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THIS IS THE ROUTE FOR PYRAMIT Round Hole, Buffalo Salt Works, Buffalo Meadows, Duck Flat, Eagleville, Cedarville and Lake City.

Connects at Cedarville with stages for Alturas and at Alturas with stages for Lakeview, Oregon, and at Lakeview with stages for Chewaucan, Silver Lake, Summer Lake, Abbot's Lake, Prineville, and the Dalles, also with stages for Drew's Valley, Linkville, Sprague River and Ashland.

Particular attention paid to express packages on the regular line and to Alturas. Stages leave Reno daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m. Schedule time each way 36 hours. apist! T. K. HYMERS Agent, Reno

New Addition. W. N. Knox has added to his list of insurance companies "The Fire Insurance Association of London." Capital, \$4,500,000. Policies issued on day of application. jy 31-7-86

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., nov1-d&w 100 Wall St., New York.

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TO THE LADIES OF RENO AND VICINITY:—I take this method of announcing that for the next 30 days I will offer my entire new stock of Millinery Goods (bought for cash and selected with great care) AT PRICES THAT WILL DEFY COMPETITION, and Regardless of cost. Call and examine for yourselves, and be convinced. I mean what I say. THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD. Satisfaction in style and price guaranteed.

MRS. L. C. HESSEL.

RENO, Nev., June 21, 1886.

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21 Virginia St., Reno.

Tablets	05c
Bird seed, 1 lb. pkgs.	10c
Machine oil	15c
Tutts' pills	15c
Vaseline	15c
Plasters	15c
St. Jacob's oil	35c
Pozzonis face powders	35c
De Blancard pills	50c
Murray & Lanman's Florida water	50c
Pear's soap, per box	50c
Lubin's extracts	60c
Wistar's balsam	75c
Brown's iron bitters	75c
Ayer's cherry pectoral	75c
Ayer's sarsaparilla	80c
Warner's safe cure	85c

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NORTHWEST CORNER OF VIRGINIA Second Streets,

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The best quality of

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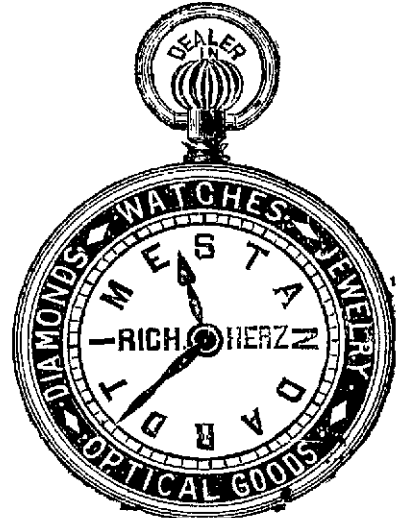
Fine Billiard and Pool Tables attached for the accommodation of guests.

Agent for Jesse Moore's brands of Whisky.

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—SUCCESSOR TO—
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ENGRAVING
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Standard Time Taken by Train

THE GRAPE CURE.

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Without the Expense of
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The crystallized salts, as obtained in a pure state from grapes and choice fruit, in a portable, palatable, simple form, are now presented to the public of America as the grandest solvent of impure blood, corrector of the liver and regulator of the bowels—the natural promoter of

HEALTH AND LONGEVITY.



Eminent physicians claim this achievement shows even in the allied science of medicine, as it furnishes the blood with its natural salines that are lost or eliminated every day.

Sal-Muscattelle

A POSITIVE NATURAL

SICK HEADACHE and

DYSPEPSIA CURE.

Sal-Muscattelle is Nature's own product. It supplies to the system the want of sound, ripe grapes and fruit; it is the simplest and best preventative and cure for all functional derangements of the liver and its kindred ailments; prevents the absorption of malarial diseases—fevers of all kinds; counteracts the effects of bad air, poor drainage and impure water; a powerful oxydizer of the blood; a natural specific for all skin eruptions, sick headaches, biliousness, nervousness, mental depression, and will remove the effects of accidental indigestion from excessive eating and drinking. Have it in your homes and on your travels. It is a specific for the fatigued, weary or worn-out. Prepared by the

London Sal-Muscattelle Co.
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Beware of imitations. The genuine in "blue wrappers only."

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DEPOT HOTEL,

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This House is situated beside the Railroad track, and is but step from the building to the cars of the C. P. & N. on one side, and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

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HOTEL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL.
12 CENTS PER WEEK.

SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1886.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

BREVITIES

Dance to-night.

Dance at the Theater to-night.

Jerry Whited and wife arrived to Wadsworth yesterday morning.

The overland train came in last night and consisted of three sections.

R. H. Lindsay and family have returned from their trip to the mountains.

The Dude nine will go to Glendale to-morrow to play the North Truckee Club.

Col. H. G. Shaw, late of the Enterprise, is now editing the Oakland Times.

The Harris mine, near Washoe Lake, continues to yield a considerable amount of ore that is rich in gold.

Round trip excursion tickets now on sale at the ticket office for half-fare, good until the 15th of August.

The JOURNAL acknowledges the receipt of a complimentary ticket to the Caledonia picnic at Carson on August 7th.

C. Chenoweth and wife, of Winnemucca, who have been attending the Teachers' Institute, left yesterday morning for San Francisco.

W. N. Knox has added another first-class company to his long list of insurance companies. It is the Fire Insurance Association of London. See 50c.

Major-General Carnahan, in his report to the Supreme Lodge, reports the organization of 139 divisions in the last two years, and a total membership of 13,000 in the Uniform Rank, K. of P.

Supreme Chancellor Van Valkenberg, in his report to the Supreme Lodge, reports forty-five grand jurisdictions and 2452 subordinate lodges, with a total membership of 170,000, Knights of Pythias.

The statement that E. Meyer was very sick with typhoid fever, we are informed, was a mistake. This gentleman is confined to his home with a derangement of his liver and kidneys, and while we are glad to say it is not thought to be dangerous, still he is pretty sick.

GRAND GATHERING OF THE CLANS.—There will be a grand gathering of the clans, "Highland and Lowland, far and near," at Treadway's Park, Carson, a week from to-day. On that day the Caledonia Club, of Storey county, will hold its eleventh annual picnic. Over 40 costly and elegant prizes will be awarded to successful contestants in the various interesting and amusing athletic games described in the programme. The target shooting between rifle teams will be an exciting feature, the coin prizes aggregating \$90. The park is now at its best and the dancing floor in the pavilion the most spacious in the State. Every member of the club will act as a committee to make the present the most pleasurable of any picnic heretofore given by the Caledonians.

EXCURSION RATES.—Ticket Agent Phillips has received orders to sell excursion tickets from Reno to San Francisco and return, good until the 15th of August, for half-fare (\$12.05). The sale of these tickets commenced yesterday and will continue until a week from to-day. Those who intend to attend the Encampment should bear this in mind and govern themselves accordingly, for no tickets will be sold after the 7th.

SHOOTING AT FORT BIDWELL.—A letter from Fort Bidwell informs us that on Tuesday afternoon a laborer named Dupree claimed that some soldiers robbed him of \$20, so forthwith purchased a pistol and fired three shots at one of them, hitting him in the neck, either penetrating the windpipe or entering just back of it. Our correspondent fails to furnish us further facts regarding it except that Dupree is under arrest.

DANCE TO-NIGHT.—Walter Hastings will give a dance at the Theater to-night. It is in and out.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Seventh Annual Session of the State Teachers.

FOURTH DAY—MORNING SESSION.

At the usual hour the Institute was called to order by the President. The minutes of the previous days were read and approved. The audience was entertained by instrumental solos by Misses Iva Simpson and Julia Michaelson.

Mrs. Parker was the first speaker, and held the audience one hour. She, in a very artistic manner, spoke of the delicate method of expression and elocution. Types of faces were drawn on the black-board to illustrate her remarks. Mrs. Parker went on to explain the organized being, its peculiar formation, the various systems of the human body, and how little they are understood and studied as they should be.

After a short intermission Prof. Parker addressed the Institute on the subject of "Language." He explained the "Quincy Method" after his own very happy manner.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session was opened with an address by Mrs. Parker, entitled "Elocution." Her remarks were a continuation of her address in the morning.

At 2:45 the Institute divided into two sections. Prof. Tucker addressed one section in the grammar room on "Manual Training," and Prof. Bartolf, of Chicago, the other in the main room, on "History."

At 3:30 Col. Parker addressed the Institute on "Geography." After Mr. Parker's address the various committees appointed reported. The Chairman of the Committee on Legislation read the report of that committee. After considerable discussion the committee was discharged, their work not having been adopted.

The Committee on Resolutions made their report which was adopted, and the other committee reports were read and disposed of.

The "Burial of Moses" was read by Prof. Westcott.

After the reading Mrs. Parker favored the Institute with a recitation, which very forcibly impressed those present with the necessity of studying elocution.

The evening was spent in addresses and discussions and closing remarks, after which a great many of the teachers adjourned to Armory Hall, where the reception was held, and all joined in making the winding up of one of the most successful sessions of the Nevada Institute that has ever been held in the State an enjoyable affair.

THE MEADOW LAKE MINES.—A Truckee dispatch says: In an interview with James K. Petrie, the Superintendent of the improvements and building going on at Meadow Lake, he states that the work is being conducted by San Francisco capital and not by an English syndicate as reported. The new process, as it is called, is but a different combination of the various old processes heretofore in use, and Mr. Petrie says there is no possible doubt of the success of the venture. Some seven hundred to eight hundred tons of ore are all ready for the mills as soon as completed. He states that while the ores does not give evidence of great richness, still it is in abundance and promises to exceed in the outcome any development yet discovered on the coast. Experiments have been made that demonstrate the perfect feasibility of the enterprise. A dynamo machine forms part of the outfit and the place will be lighted with electric light. Every one connected with the enterprise is in good spirits and positive of success in a very short time. The machinery is going out as fast as a team can haul it. Plenty of teams are being furnished to transport all supplies.

THE FAT BOY'S WISH.—When the Sells Brothers' circus began its season at Columbus, Ohio, this Spring, the fat boy of the side-show beheld for the first time a Hippopotamus. He was introduced to Mr. and Mrs. Hippopotamus by the giant, who ungraciously remarked:

"Either one is as big a hog as yourself."

The ponderous-paunched heavy-weight gaped and gazed. At last Mr. Hippopotamus threw open his mouth—that flesh model of Mammoth Cave—and then the lardy lad, appreciating its capacity as a food receptacle, sighed:

"Oh, dear! I wish I had that mouth!"

A QUEER RELIC.—John Swinton has furnished the following peculiar prediction of an astrologer, originally published in the tri-weekly Gleaner of Jamaica in 1879:

"In 1887 the star of Bethlehem will once more be seen in Cassiopea's chair, and will be accompanied by a total eclipse of the sun and moon. This star only makes its appearance every 315 years. It will illumine the heavens and exceed in brilliancy even Jupiter when in opposition to the sun, and therefore nearer to the earth and brightest. The marvelous brilliancy of the star of Bethlehem in 1887 will surpass any of its previous visitations. It will be seen even at noonday shining with quick flashing light the entire year; after which it will disappear, not to return to our heavens until the year 2202. This is the star which shown so brightly in the year 4 B. C., and is the star that illuminated the heavens at the nativity of Christ. The appearance of this star, accompanied as it will be by solar and lunar eclipses together with the baleful influence which follows the position which Mars and Saturn will then occupy, will cause an universal war. North America will be involved in civil strife, and a reign of terror will prevail in the Atlantic States, unless a Napoleon shall arise to quell it. There will be a war of classes—the rich will array themselves against the poor and vice versa everywhere.

THE WATERMELON CENTER.—A Lodi correspondent of the Bee writes the following: We are now in the midst of the watermelon harvest. From 10 to 15 cars can be seen loading and awaiting to load for the San Francisco markets. Numerous teams are hauling to the cars continually. The first melons that were marketed commanded a very fair price, some bringing as high a figure as \$3.75 per dozen, but that figure did not hold up long. On the contrary, there was a rapid decline, the ruling price now being about from \$1.00 to \$1.15 per car, the car to contain about 100 dozen. The cost of raising and marketing the melons, according to the careful estimate of some half a dozen prominent raisers, is, including freight and commission, about \$34 per acre, calling a fair yield about two acres to the car. It keeps one man to every ten acres busy all his time from the beginning to the end of the watermelon season. Lodi is known as "the sporting center," but could be more appropriately termed "the watermelon center," one would think.

A NEW PAPER FOR CARSON.

Carson Appeal.

Next week another newspaper will be published in this city, and its proprietors will call upon the business men to contribute to its support. In most towns of 4,000 inhabitants, one paper is deemed sufficient to advertise the wares of business men, but in this city people are so divided upon the smallest questions that each clique must be represented by an organ.

It is claimed by many people that each new paper that starts weakens the ones already in the field. This is a mistake. There are numbers of people in this city who take no papers at all, and it is for these people that a new paper is to be established. The North American right to have an organ belongs to every citizen, and if the numerous organs of his own town do not suit him he has a right to jump in and start an organ of his own.

The Appeal, which is the oldest newspaper in the county, has seen these papers bud, bloom, ripen, rot and disappear just as fast as the cliques that plant them take some new whim and start on some new tack.

We have heard several loud protests against the starting of another paper in this already press-ridden community, but we fail to see why there should be any complaint. A man has as much right to start a newspaper as to open a grocery store or barber shop. The Appeal would like to see a paper started on every block in the city until everybody had an organ.

There are several people in Carson when they walk down the streets in the morning feel sorry that they have no newspaper in which they can air grievances. These people by all means should have their newspaper rattle and play with it while the mood lasts them.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Feb. 21-awf-17

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A. H. MANNING.

N. P. JAQUES.

MANNING & JAQUES,

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HARDWARE, STOVES, RANGES
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PUMPS, IRON AND LEAD PIPE, BUCKEYE AND
M'CORMACK MOWERS AND REAPERS,

Hollingsworth and Tiger Rakes, Wagons, Plows, and all kinds of Agricultural Implements, Barb Wire and Machine Extras always in stock and at bedrock prices; also dealers in Paints, Oils and Colors.

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting and Metal Roofing
A SPECIALTY.

Our Tin and Copper Ware is of HOME MANUFACTURE of the Best Material and workmanship; much Superior to the Inferior Article on sale in other Stores and at as Low Prices.

Prices Guaranteed as Low as Consistent with First-Class Material and Work.

F. LEVY & BRO.

Our New Stock of

DRY GOODS

CARPETS FANCY GOODS

CONSTITUTES

The Largest Assortment Ever Imported to This State and We are Now Prepared to Suit Everybody.

We Will Encourage Home Trade

—BY OFFERING OUR GOODS STRICTLY AT—

SAN FRANCISCO PRICES

OUR PROPOSITION IS FAIR. Bring your cash to us instead of sending it to other cities and we guarantee that you will save by it. All we ask of you is to call and be your own judge.

F. LEVY & BRO.

W. O. H. MARTIN'S ADVERTISEMENT.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Hardware, Groceries,
Provisions, Wines,
Liquors, Crockery,
Glassware, Paints, Oils,
AND
Agricultural Implements.

Agent of the EMPIRE MOWER for the State of Nevada and Sierra, Lassen and Modoc counties, Cal.

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

SELLING OUT AT COST!

FOR 30 DAYS!

—IN ORDER—

TO MAKE ROOM

—FOR MY—

FALL

—AND—

WINTER STOCK.

JOHN SUNDERLAND

